Study Skills: Study Smarter Not Harder

Memory
 □ Repeat to remember. Study and practice using the information regularly. □ Talk out loud about what you're learning. Explain to a friend, your goldfish, or yourself. □ Review notes and readings within 24 hours of learning the information. □ Use mnemonic devices such as acronyms and acrostics. □ Make up songs that will help you remember important information. □ Associate new information with information that is already familiar to you. □ Create colorful visuals that correlate with new information you learn. □ Use flash cards to memorize vocabulary terms.
Note Taking Focus in class. Avoid all distractions (put your cell phone away!!). Use neat handwriting.
Leave space in between main points to fill in later.
 Review your notes within 24 hours and add key words, visuals, and other tools that will help you summarize, understand and recall information.
Identify topics you have difficulty understanding with a "?" or another symbol – review these topics with your tutor or during professor's office hours.
If you fall behind when taking notes, leave blank space and get the notes from a classmate or the instructor after class.
Use a binder and loose-leaf paper (writing by hand improves memory).Differentiate between essential and non-essential information in lectures.
Planning
Identify at least three concepts, strategies, or tasks that you can learn from each course you take and determine why the information is important.
Set challenging, but realistic goals for each course every semester.Introduce yourself to your instructors.
Introduce yourself to at least one person in every class and exchange contact information with that person.
Identify study partners that you can count on if you need help or want to schedule consistent reviews.
Locate a distraction-free study environment.
Identify your strengths and weaknesses as a student.
Keep track of your grades and semester and cumulative GPAs.

Readin	ng
	Preview the chapter before you read it. Pay special attention to the bolded words, definitions, and any pictures or diagrams in the chapter. Read the chapter introduction and any learning outcomes, if available. Break large reading assignments into smaller chunks. Ask questions about the material before you read the chapter, and then work to answer those questions as you read. Underline or highlight 10% or less of the reading assignment. Review what you have read within 24 hours. If you find words you are unsure of, use a dictionary or online resources. Read summaries at the end of each section or chapter, if available.
	Complete practice quizzes at the end of each chapter, if available.
Test Ta	aking
	Test Prep Review material daily, weekly, and monthly Predict test questions Ask the instructor what to expect on the exam Form study groups Study in advance. Avoid taking in any new material the night before the exam. Test yourself before the exam to be sure that you know the material
	During the Test Read the test directions carefully Scan the entire exam and plan your time accordingly
	After the Test Review the exam after it is returned Conduct a post-exam survey Talk with the professor about questions you missed on the exam
	Time Management Maintain an assignment calendar Schedule your study time Plan to study two hours outside of class for every hour in class Create prioritized to-do lists Use a planner Create balance between academics, work, and social time